SECTION 02238

HOT MIX ASPHALTIC BASE COURSE

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Foundation course of compacted mixture of coarse and fine aggregates, and asphaltic material.

1.02 UNIT PRICES

- A. Measurement for hot mix asphaltic base is on square yard basis. Separate measurement will be made for each different required thickness of base course. All load tickets shall be submitted before payment is processed.
- B. Refer to Section 01025 Measurement and Payment for unit price procedures.
- C. Refer to paragraph 3.10 for unit price adjustments.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall conform to requirements of all provisions and sections of these specifications.
- B. Submit certificates that asphaltic materials and aggregates meet requirements of paragraph 2.01.
- C. Submit proposed design mix and test data for each type and strength of base course in Work.
- D. Submit manufacturer's description and characteristics of mixing plant for approval.
- E. Submit manufacturer's description and characteristics of spreading and finishing machine for approval.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

A. Coarse Aggregate: Gravel or crushed stone, or combination thereof that is retained on No. 10 sieve, uniform in quality throughout and free from dirt, organic, or other injurious matter occurring either free or as coating on aggregate. Aggregate shall conform to ASTM C33 except for gradation. Furnish rock or gravel with Los Angeles abrasion loss not to exceed 40 percent by weight when tested in accordance with ASTM C131.

- B. Fine Aggregate: Sand or stone screenings, or combination thereof, passing No. 10 sieve. Aggregate shall conform to ASTM C33 except for gradation. Use sand composed of sound, durable stone particles free from loams or other injurious foreign matter. Furnish screenings of same or similar material as specified for coarse aggregate. Plasticity index of that part of fine aggregate passing No. 40 sieve shall be not more than 6 when tested by Tex-106-E. Sand equivalent shall have a minimum value of 45 when tested by Tex-203-F.
- C. Composite Aggregate: Conform to the grading limits of TxDOT Item 340 for the paving type indicated on the Drawings.
- D. Asphaltic Material: Moisture-free homogeneous material which will not foam when heated to 347 degrees F, meeting the following requirements:

VISCOSITY GRADE					
TEST	AC-10		AC-20		
1231	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Viscosity, 140°F stokes	1000	1200	2000	-	
Viscosity, 275°F stokes	1.9	-	2.5	-	
Penetration, 77°F, 100 g, 5 sec.	85	-	55	-	
Flash Point, C.E.C., F.	450	-	450	-	
Solubility in trichloroethylene, percent	99.0	-	99.0	-	
Tests on residues from thin film oven tests:					
Viscosity, 140°F stokes	-	3000	-	6000	
Ductility, 77°F, 5 cms per min., cms	100	-			
Spot tests		Negative for all grades			

- 1. Material shall not be cracked.
- 2. Owner's Representative will designate grade of asphalt to use after design tests have been made. Use only one grade of asphalt after grade is determined by test design for project.

2.02 EQUIPMENT

A. Mixing Plant: Weight-batching or drum mix plant with capacity for producing continuously mixtures meeting specifications. Plant shall have satisfactory conveyors, power units, aggregate handling equipment, hot aggregate screens and bins, and dust collectors.

Provide equipment to supply materials adequately in accordance with rated capacity of plant and produce finished material within specified tolerances. Following equipment is essential:

- 1. Cold aggregate bins and proportioning device
- 2. Dryer
- 3. Screens
- 4. Aggregate weight box and batching scales
- 5. Mixer
- 6. Asphalt storage and heating devices
- 7. Asphalt measuring devices
- 8. Truck scales
- B. Bins: Separate aggregate into minimum of four bins to produce consistently uniform grading and asphalt content in completed mix.

2.03 MIXES

- A. Employ and pay certified testing laboratory to prepare design mixes. Test in accordance with Tex-126-E, Tex-204-F, Tex-208-F, and Tex-227-F.
- B. Density and Stability Requirements:

	Percent Density		Percent	HVEEM Stability Percent
	Min	Max	Optimum	Not Less Than
_	95	99	97	35

C. Proportions for Asphaltic Material: As specified in TxDOT Item 340 for the mix type shown on the Drawings.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify compacted subgrade is ready to support imposed loads.
- B. Verify lines and grades are correct.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Complete backfill of new utilities below future grade.
- B. Prepare subgrade in accordance with requirements of Section 02221 and Section 02225 or Section 02241.
- C. Correct subgrade deviations in excess of plus or minus 1/2 inch in cross section, or in 16-foot length by loosening, adding or removing material, reshaping and recompacting by sprinkling and rolling.
- D. Prepare sufficient subgrade in advance of base course for efficient operations.

3.03 PRIME COAT

A. Conform to requirements of Section 02511.

3.04 TACK COAT

A. Conform to requirements of Section 02512.

3.05 PLACEMENT

- A. Do not place asphaltic base when air temperature is below 50 degrees F and falling. Base may be placed when air temperature taken in shade and away from artificial heat is above 40 degrees F and rising.
- B. Haul prepared and heated asphaltic concrete mixture to project in tight vehicles previously cleaned of foreign material. Mixture shall be at temperature between 250 degrees F and 325 degrees F when laid.
- C. Spread material into place with approved mechanical spreading and finishing machine of screening or tamping type. Use track-mounted finish machine to place base course directly on earth subgrade.
- D. Place base courses 4 inches or greater in thickness in two or more layers, each having compacted thickness of not greater than 4 inches. Spread all lifts. Attain smooth course of uniform density to section, line and grades as indicated on Drawings.
- E. Place courses as nearly continuously as possible. Pass roller over unprotected ends of freshly laid mixture only when mixture has become cooled. When work is resumed, cut back laid material to produce slightly beveled edge for full thickness of course. Remove old material which has been cut away and lay new mix against fresh cut.
- F. When new asphalt is laid against existing asphalt, existing asphalt shall be saw cut full depth to provide straight smooth joint. Clean joint and apply tack coat before placement.

G. In restricted areas where use of paver is impractical, spread and finish asphalt by mechanical compactor. Use wood or steel forms, rigidly supported to assure correct grade and cross section. Carefully place materials to avoid segregation of mix. Do not broadcast material. Remove any lumps that do not break down readily. Place asphalt courses in same sequence as if placed by machine.

3.06 COMPACTION

- A. Begin rolling while pavement is still hot and as soon as it will bear roller without undue displacement or hair cracking. Keep wheels properly moistened with water to prevent adhesion of surface mixture. Do not use excessive water.
- B. Compress surface thoroughly and uniformly, first with power-driven, 3-wheel, or tandem rollers weighing from 8 to 10 tons. Obtain subsequent compression by starting at side and rolling longitudinally toward center of pavement, overlapping on successive trips by at least one-half width of rear wheels. Make alternate trips slightly different in length. Continue rolling until no further compression can be obtained and all rolling marks are eliminated. Complete all rolling before mixture temperature drops below 175 degrees F.
- C. Along walls, curbs, headers and similar structures, and in all locations not accessible to rollers, compact mixture thoroughly with lightly oiled tamps.
- D. Compact base course to density not less than 92 percent of maximum possible density of voidless mixture composed of same materials in like proportions.

3.07 TOLERANCES

- A. Furnish templates for checking surface of finished sections. Maximum deflection of templates, when supported at center, shall not exceed 1/8 inch.
- B. Completed surface, when tested with 10-foot straightedge laid parallel to center line of pavement, shall show no deviation in excess of 1/8 inch in 10 feet. Correct any surface not meeting this requirement.

3.08 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing will be performed under provisions of Section 01410 Testing Laboratory Services.
- B. Minimum of one core will be taken at random locations per 1000 feet per lane of roadway or 1000 square yards of base to determine in-place depth and density.
- C. In-place density will be determined in accordance with Tex-207-F and Tex-227-F from cores or sections of asphaltic base located near each core. Other methods of determining in-place density, which correlate satisfactorily with results obtained from roadway specimens, may be used when approved by the Owner's Representative.

- D. Contractor may, at his own expense, request three additional cores in vicinity of cores indicating nonconforming in-place depths to determine limits of nonconformity.
- E. Fill cores and density test sections with new compacted asphaltic base.

3.09 NONCONFORMING PAVEMENT

- A. Recompact pavement sections not meeting specified densities or replace them with new asphaltic concrete material. Patch asphalt pavement sections in accordance with procedures established by Asphalt Institute.
- B. Remove and replace areas of asphaltic base found deficient in thickness by more than 10 percent. Use new asphaltic base of thickness shown on Drawings.
- C. Nonconforming pavement sections shall be replaced at no additional cost to Owner.

3.10 UNIT PRICE ADJUSTMENT

- A. Unit price adjustments shall be made for in-place depth determined by cores as follows:
 - 1. Adjusted Unit Price shall be ratio of average thickness determined by cores to thickness bid upon, times unit price bid.
 - 2. Adjustment shall apply to lower limit of 90 percent of unit price bid.
 - 3. Average depth below 90 percent may be rejected by the Owner's Representative.

3.11 PROTECTION

- A. Do not open base to traffic until 12 hours after completion of rolling, or as shown on Drawings.
- B. Maintain asphalt base in good condition until completion of Work.
- C. Repair defects immediately by replacing base to full depth.

END OF SECTION